Restorative Practices

Foundations to Practice in the Middle and High Schools

Part I - Main Definitions and Descriptions:

Who is Responsible for Restorative Practices?

- Teachers through Tier I Instruction
- Teachers/all staff through Tier II Interventions
- All Staff through Embedded, Systemic Structures

How Do We Do It?

- Instruction
- Management
- Relationships
- Collaboratively:
 - Working Through Each Situation: "I have (this situation), I think I know how to handle it, here's what I'm thinking..."



Part II - Foundation: What do we base RP on? *RESPECT AGREEMENTS*

Questions to Consider:

- How do you want to be treated by peers/teachers/others?
- How do you think I want to be treated? (teacher to student; student to student)
- What bothers you about how others treat you? Why?

Thoughts to Consider:

- Think about how "best friends" or friend groups treat each other.
- Rules do not necessarily show how a teacher wants to be treated.
- Students are given many choices in their upbringing, until it comes to school, then it is "Do as I say."
- Need to minimize misunderstandings

Part III - Questioning



In order to build a foundation for RP, the focus should be on some form of the following questions:

- **Understanding Perspective:** What happened?
- **<u>State of Mind</u>**: What were you thinking at the time? (before, during, after)
- **<u>Reflection</u>**: What have you thought about since?
- **Impact:** Who has been affected and in what way?
- **<u>Analyzing the Result:</u>** How could things have been done differently?
- **Finding Closure:** What do you think you need to do to make things right?

"Punishment" is necessary in the behavior management process

Thoughts to Ponder:

- Need to let the student know that he/she did something wrong.
- Any amount of time spent in a consequence should give everyone involved an opportunity to teach, earn privileges back, provide incentives, and have accountability.
- Every behavior is the opportunity to teach the right behavior.
- Do not affect instructional settings when poor behavior happens in non-instructional settings.
- Do not allow a student to stay in a learning environment who is compromising the learning environment.

Questions to Consider:

- How will we use punishment to change behaviors?
- Which loss of time provides me with the BEST opportunity to work on the student's behavior?
- What behaviors need to be taught and how will we teach those behaviors?
- How can I structure the consequences in a way that motivates the student to intrinsically work with us to help them change their behavior?

Part IV - *Consequences* and Accountability

REFLECTION ROOM:

Short term consequence <15 minutes in duration that focus a student on the above questions or a student friendly variation of them. Focus on discussion and reflection of the incident, make sure to have a template. Only admin has access to assign students.

LUNCH BUNCH:

AKA: Lunch Detention. Step up from Reflection Room, <30 minutes in duration; focus on discussion, reflection, and follow-up of the incident; template based. Goes beyond a quick reflection to an added consequence.





Part IV - <u>Consequences</u> and Accountability

CHARACTER CONNECTIONS:

AKA - After school detention. Time frame is 1 - 2 hours. Facilitator assists students in working through the teaching component of restorative processes. Not designed to work through homework, but a focus should be on learning modules, accountability projects, etc...



STRUCTURED DAY:

Spin on in-school suspension. Full day, in school, structured day where students will attend core class instruction (i.e. 15-20 minutes in math, ELA, Science, History) then return to Structured Day room to work on assignments. Students will not be allowed to attend elective classes or "fun" activities, such as: PE, shop, art, lunch, etc... Other time should be focused on learning modules and accountability projects.

Part IV - Consequences and <u>Accountability</u>

IMPACT STATEMENT:

After a discussion with admin/faculty, a template with questions meant for students to reflect on their actions. Typically used in conjunction with Reflection Room and/or Lunch Detention. Could also be used with teachers/schools who use a "buddy room" for behavioral interventions.

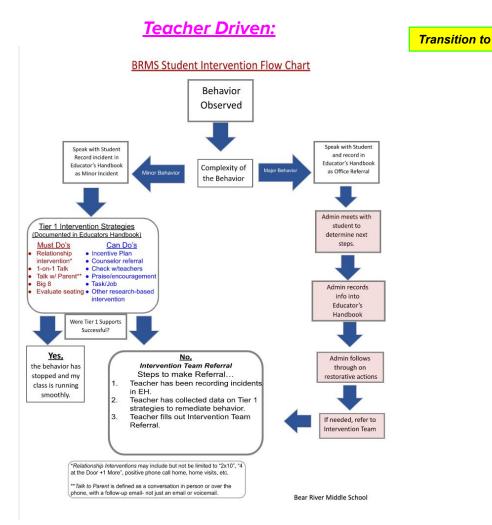


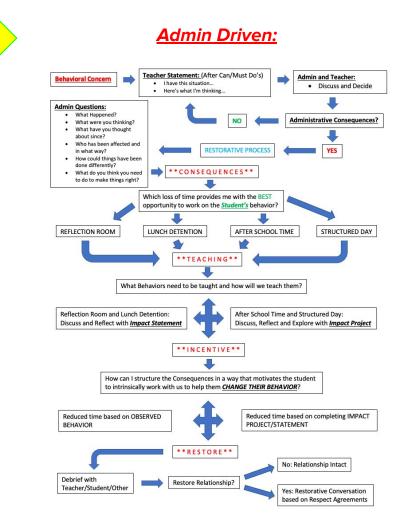
IMPACT PROJECT:

Project assigned to a student where a higher level of accountability needs to take place. Typically used in conjunction with after school time and/or a Structured Day. Project could be a poster, slide show, video, podcast, etc... and based upon a template that will require a bit of research into the topic. Upon completion of the project, and depending on the appropriateness of the content, the project should be presented to the impacted individuals.

MAKING A CONNECTION	What real-world scenario best correlates with this situation? FOR EXAMPLE: If a student stole scenthing, what could potentially happen if you : the same item outside of school?	
	CREATE (TH	E ARTIFACT)
PROJECT FORMAT	CIRCLE ONE: PowerPoin	t Poster Other
PART 1-THE ANECDO	TE (FIRST SLIDE)	PART 2-WHAT HAPPENED
PART 3-THE OUTCOME		PART 4-POTENTIAL OUTCOMES
Student(s) should explain the aft KEEP IN MIND: Be cautious of a into the specifics of the disciplin	lowing the student to get	Student(s) should explain what could potentially happen in the future if their behavior doesn't change.
PART 5-WHO WAS AFFECTED		PART 6-WHAT I LEARNED (LAST SLIDE)
Student(s) should explain who w indirectly by their behavior.	as impacted directly and	Student(s) should explain what they learned from the situati
		PRESENTATION)

Impact Template		
Name:	Date:	
1- What happened? Explain your situation with as much detail as possible.		
2- The Outcome: What happened as a result of your situation?		
3- Potential Outcomes: What could potentially happen in the future if your behavior doesn't change?		
4- Who was affected? Who was impacted directly or in	directly by your behavior? How were they impacted?	
5- Real-world: What would happen if you were to do this to someone outside of school?		
6- Lessons learned: What did you learn from this situat	lion?	
7- What do you need to do to make things right?		







It may get worse before it gets better, but it will get better.

Mike Rawlings

Where Does Restorative Practice Happen?

The simple answer

Everywhere

Tier 1 still has to happen.

Consequences for Behavior - Not a stand alone solution

Solutions/Restorative Justice - Not a stand alone solution

It takes <u>BOTH</u>

We are Educators. We teach expected behavior

Roles & Responsibility

- Admin are the only ones that can assign
 - Not Skills class like in elementary school.
 - Admin runs Restorative Justice Groups
- Teachers
 - Tier 1 Clearly defined expectations and classroom procedures
- Solutions Team
 - Tracking of students (classroom visits, contact home)
 - ISS and Solutions (remember it takes both)
- LCSW and Counselors
 - Groups
 - Prime for Life, Vaping Course

Our Journey - The Why How it works - Let's get real





Solutions

What Happens Here

- Restorative Justice Conversations
- Address the negative behavior that brought the student there and come up with solutions to change it (Goal worksheets, Email teachers)
- Follow up visits (multiple)
- Student Tracking
- Phone calls home
- LCSW & Counselors
- Homework
- Proctoring Tests
- Reading Books
- GradPoint
- Star Reading
- Vaping Course, Prime for Life as needed

Data - Is it really working?

Comparing 2021- 2022 school year to 2022-2023 school year

- # of students tracked **increased**
- # of students in ISS for 1 day- **Decreased**
- # of students in ISS for 2 days **Decreased**
- # of students in ISS due to Truancy **Decreased**

Average unexcused absences per student tracked **DROPPED** by 1 absence.

Tracking of students + Restorative Practice = Reduction of Repeat Offenders

Collective Commitments

STUDENTS

PARENTS



TEACHERS

SOLUTIONS TEAM

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